

TRANSPORT

Main theme addressed	In this lesson, you will learn about the expressions in connection to transport
Key Goals	Here is an outline of what you will learn expressions for some: 1. Means of transport on the road 2. Means of transport on rails / underground 3. Means of transport on water 4. Means of transport in the air 5. Means of transport in connection with work 6. Some useful expression in connection with transport and travelling

1. Means of transport on the road

a car	
a bus	



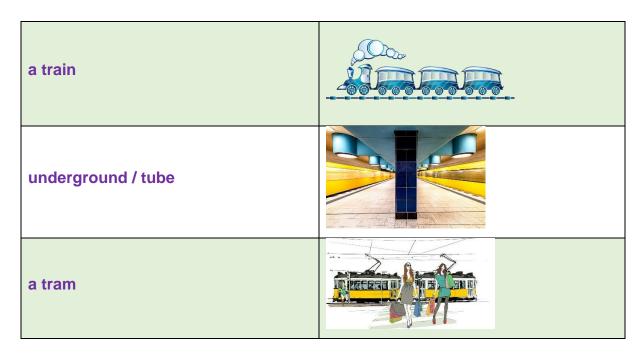
a coach	
a taxi	
a lorry	
a van	
a motorbike	
a bicycle	
a scooter	
a caravan	



Exercise:
Name the following means of transport.
1
2.
3
4



2. Means of transport on rails / underground



Exercise:	
Name the following means of transport.	
2	



3. Means of transport on water

a ship	
a ferry	
a boat	
a sailing boat	
a submarine	*



Exercise:	
Name the following means of transport:	
1	
2.	
3.	



4. Means of transport in the air

a plane	
a rocket	
a helicopter	
a balloon	
a cable car	
a jet	THE OWNER OF THE PARTY OF THE P



Exercise
Name the following means of transport:
1.
2.
3.



5. Transport means in connection to work

a police car	
an ambulance	AMBULANCE O
a fire engine	
a crane	
a forklift	
a tractor	



Exercise:
Name the following means of transport.
1.
2
3



6. Some useful expressions in connection with transport and travelling

a journey	A travel from one destination to another.
to commute	To travel to work or school on regular basis.
a traffic jam	A situation where there are so many cars, buses, and other means if transport that the traffic stops moving or moves slowly.
a railway station	A station where you can get on or off a train.
a single ticket	A ticket you get when you pay for a oneway journey to somewhere.
a return ticket	A ticket you get when you pay for a journey to one destination and back.
a season ticket	Usually a bus or a train ticket where you can go by bus or train every day for a month, or a year.
a passenger	A traveller riding in a vehicle but not operating it
a rush hour	It usually happens at the beginning and end of the working day when many people are traveling to or from work or school.



a pedestrian A person who travels on foot.

Exercise:	
Choose the suitable word from the chart above to fill in the sentence.	
1.	The car hit the who was crossing the road – he was
	taken to the hospital.
	taken te the heepitan
2.	He lives 30 kilometres from his office, so he has to to
	work every day.
	work every day.
3.	Every morning we are stuck in a all
	the cars stop and we cannot move anywhere.

Learn more:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9UBGej0sYm0

https://www.learnenglish.de/vocabulary/transport.html

https://en.islcollective.com/english-esl-powerpoints/vocabulary/means-transport