

ANIMALS

Main theme addressed	In this lesson, you will learn about animals.
Key Goals	Here is an outline of what you will learn today: 1. The different types of animals 2. Plural Forms 3. Where do they live?

1. The different types of animals

Animals can be classified in different categories. You will learn new vocabulary by looking at the categories below.

As you will see, there is a color code that refers to each animal's diet. Animals can feed on different things.

- Some feed exclusively on plants and are called herbivorous.
- Others feed on meat and are called carnivorous.
- Some even feed on both and are called omnivorous.

Here are the different categories of animals with a short description and examples for you to remember:

a) Mammals

Mammals are vertebrate animals.

The females have **mammary glands**, which are used to **feed** milk to their babies.

Mammals have fur or hair as well as three middle ear bones.

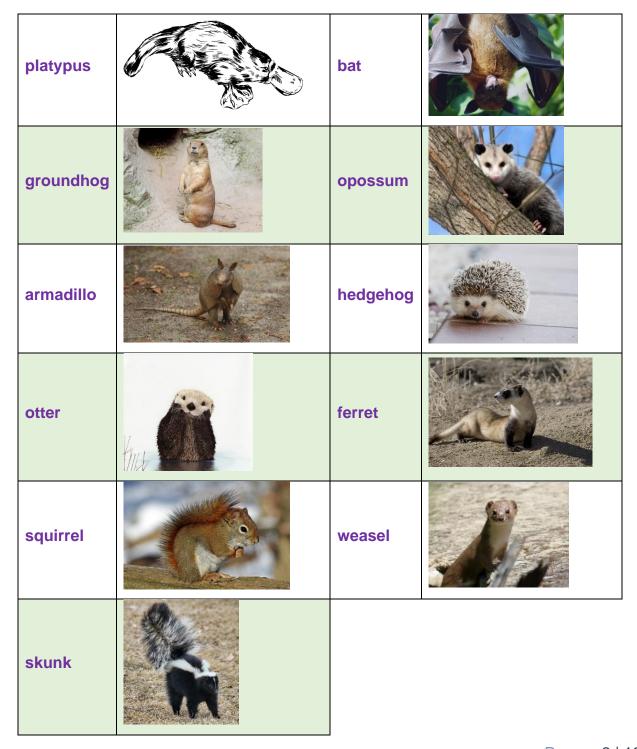




They can live in **diverse environments** as they are very adaptable.

Humans are mammals.

First, let's have a look at some small mammals.







Here are some examples of large mammals:

boar		gazelle	
walrus		anteater	
warthog		tapir	
antelope		cougar	
cheetah	The same of the sa		



b) Amphibians

Amphibians are cold-blooded vertebrates that can live in different habitats.

They are usually born in the water as **larvae** with **gills**, and then start to develop **lungs** to breathe outside of the water as well.

Some of them will not have lungs and breathe only through their **skin**. Some others will use their skin as an additional breathing system.

frog	
salamander	
toad	





c) Fish

Fish are **cold-blooded vertebrates** that breathe through their **gills**.

They live underwater and cannot survive anywhere else.

They don't have any **limbs** with digits (fingers and toes).

Their skin is typically made of scales.

They use their **fins** to swim in the water.

Plural: fish or fishes?

When you refer to a group of fish, the word stays unchanged. However, if you want to refer to a specific group made of different species, you will use "fishes".







d) Birds or Aves

Birds are **vertebrates** that breathe through their **lungs**.

Their skin is covered in **feathers**.

They have wings, a beak and they lay hard-shelled eggs.

Some birds can **fly** but it is **not the case** for all of them. Some of them can also **swim** and **jump**.

They can live in different habitats and often **migrate** to another place.





e) Reptiles

Reptiles are cold-blooded vertebrates who breathe through their lungs.

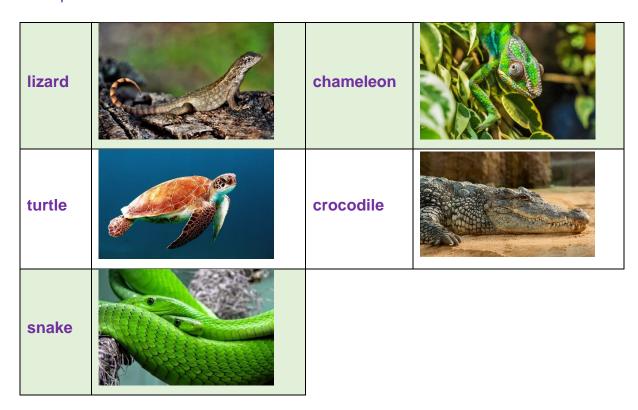
Their skin can be covered in scales and/or bony plates.

Their body temperature varies according to their environment.

Reptiles lay eggs in a nest.

They can **glide**, **swim** and **walk** very quickly once they are born.

Examples:



f) Invertebrates

Invertebrates are animals that do not have a **backbone**.

They can survive in any environment and reproduce very quickly. This is why they represent around 97 percent of all animals on earth.

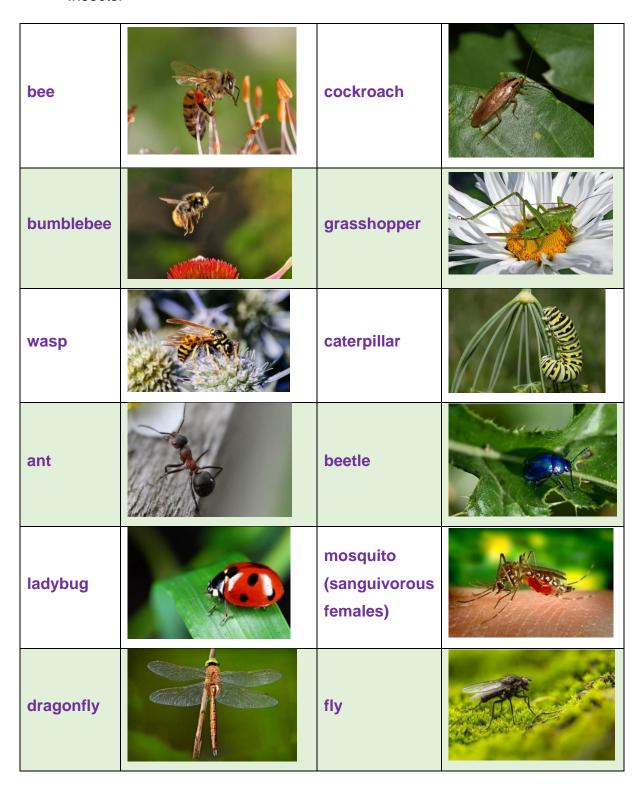
Many of them can also fly.





As the invertebrate family is composed of many sub-categories, here are a few you might know:

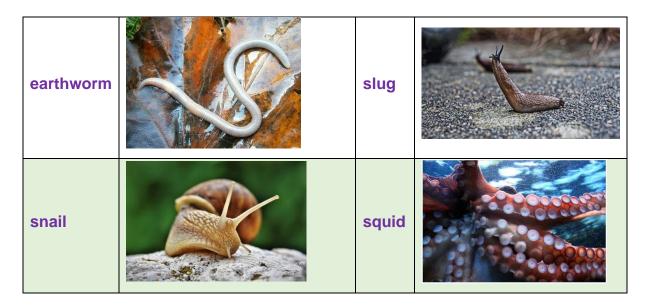
Insects:



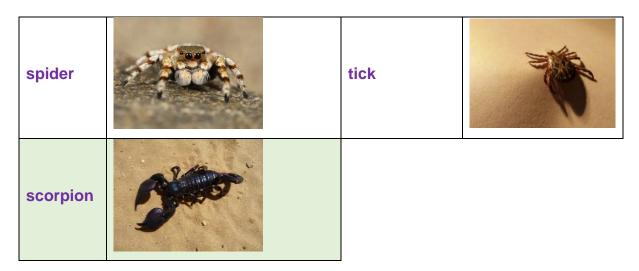




Molluscs:



• Arachnids:



• Crustaceans:





lobster



Exercise:	
To what category do these animals belong?	
1. boar:	
2. shark:	
3. hedgehog:	-
4. grasshopper:	_
5. chameleon:	
6. dove:	-

Answers:

- 1. mammal
- 2. fish
- 3. mammal
- 4. insect
- 5. reptile
- 6. bird/ave



2. Plural forms

Most animal names follow the main plural rule.

However, some of them are spelled differently! Let's have a look at the different rules.

The main rule:

Word + -s/-es

Examples:

Ants - Spiders - bats - Foxes - Chickens

Some exceptions:

Singular	Plural	Explanation
Cow	Cattle	Stay unchanged
Fish	Fish, Fishes	Either use main rule or stay unchanged (as explained above)
Goose	G ee se	Change the vowels in the middle of the word
Ох	Oxen	Add the letters -en
Sheep	Sheep	
Louse	L ic e	Change the vowels in the middle of the word
Mouse	Mice	Change the vowels in the middle of the word
Deer	Deer	Stay unchanged





Bison	Bison	Stay unchanged
Moose	Moose	Stay unchanged
Antelope	Antelopes Antelopes	Either use main rule or stay unchanged
Reindeer	Reindeer Reindeers	Either use main rule or stay unchanged
Salmon	Salmon	Either use main rule or stay unchanged
Shrimp	Shrimp Shrimps	Either use main rule or stay unchanged

Exercise: Write the plural form of the animal names below:	
Fly:	
Sheep:	
Frog:	
Mouse:	
Cow:	



Answers:

- 1. Flies
- 2. Sheep
- 3. Frogs
- 4. Mice
- 5. Cats
- 6. Cattle

3. Where do they live?

You learnt that the different species could survive in different habitats, but where do we see these animals the most?



Exercise:

In the table below:

- Write these animals' names
- Draw a straight line to match the animals to their habitats

(You can match them by putting numbers and letters next to them if you prefer).





In the savannah





On Ice floes



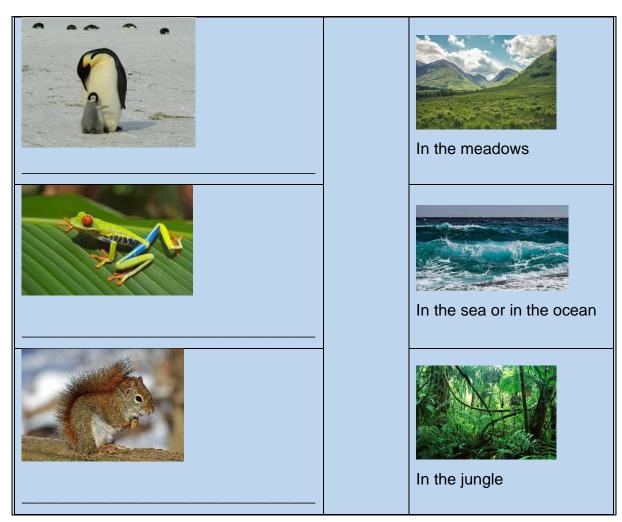
In the forest



In the ponds







Answers:

The seahorse lives in the sea/ocean

The cow lives in the meadows

The giraffe lives in the savannah

The monkey lives in the jungle

The penguin lives on ice floes

The frog lives in the ponds

The squirrel lives in the forest





Learn more:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q9JJyfnbY6g

https://7esl.com/animals-vocabulary-animal-names/

https://www.oysterenglish.com/animals-vocabulary.html

