

WILL / WON'T (decisions, offers, promises)

Main theme	In this lesson, you will learn how to use the "will +		
addressed	infinitive"construction for decisions, offers and		
	promises.		
Key Goals	Here is an outline of what you will learn today:		
	1. How to form the will + INF - construction in		
	various syntactic contexts (positive, negation,		
	interrogative).		
	2. How to recognize and distinguish contexts of		
	decisions, offers and promises.		
	3. How to formulate decisions, offers and		
	promises yourself.		

1. How to form the will + INF – construction in various syntactic contexts (positive, negation, interrogative)

The **will** + INF – construction is a complex construction, which consists of two verbs:

- The future-referring auxiliary will.
- The bare infinitive (i.e. without "to") of a lexical verb.

Example:

He will come soon.

Will (contracted form 'II) is the same for all singular and plural pronouns.

 In negations, will not typically combines to won't, which remains equally unchanged for all forms of the paradigm.





• In **questions**, **will** precedes the subject, which in turn is followed by the bare infinitive. Look at the following table for the verb **to help** and study the forms:

	+ Full / Contracted form	- Full / Contracted form	Interrogative
ı	will / 'II help	will not / won't help	will I help
You	will / 'II help	will not / won't help	will you help
He/She/It	will / 'II help	will not / won't help	will he/she/it help
We	will / 'II help	will not / won't help	will we help
You	will / 'II help	will not / won't help	will you help
They	will / 'II help	will not / won't help	will they help

After I and we, some people say shall / shall not – shan't instead of will / will not – won't.

The meaning is the same, but the forms based on **will** are far more common in modern English.

Example:

I shall come tomorrow.

In contexts of offers phrased as questions, **shall** instead of **will** is the only possibility, Example:

Shall I open the window? Shall we dance?





Have a look at some examples for offers, decisions and promises:

We'll help you with your homework. (offer)				
That's the phone I'll answer it. (decision)				
There's someone knocking at the door. – I'll go . (decision)				
Don't worry. We won't forget you. (promise)				
I really will give up smoking. (promise)				
Exercise:				
Exercise: Fill the gap in sentences by using the verb in parenthesis in the "will +				
Fill the gap in sentences by using the verb in parenthesis in the "will +				



(go shopping).

you. (help)

2. I can't move this table. – No problem, I _____

Examples:

I'll carry the shopping for you. (offer)

3. Don't worry, Mum. I ______ too fast. (drive)

4. I ______ you a postcard. (send)

5. I'm tired. I think I ______ to bed. (go)



Answers:

- 1. 'Il go shopping
- 2. 'll help
- 3. won't drive
- 4. 'll send
- 5. 'll go

2. How to recognize and distinguish contexts of decisions, offers and promises

The **will + INF** – construction is used for different language functions.

For example, it is used for spontaneous **decisions**, i.e. decisions that are taken right at the moment of speaking (as opposed to intentions/plans, which are based on decisions that already exist).

Examples:

I'm really not enjoying this film. I think I'll go home.

I really like that jumper in the shop window! I think **I'll try** it on.

The **will + INF** – construction is also used for kind **offers**, i.e. in contexts when you are signalling someone that you are ready to help them.

Examples:

I can't find my car keys. – I'll help you look for them.

I'm hungry. - I'll make you a sandwich.

You also use the **will + INF** – construction when you make a **promise**, i.e. when assure someone that you will definitely do something or that something will definitely happen.





Examples:

I'll study English every day.

I'll always think before I speak.

Exercise:

Decide if the following sentences are spontaneous decisions, offers or promises.

Circle the correct answer below the sentence.

- 1. I'll pay you back next week.
 - decision / offer / promise
- 2. I'll have the soup, please.
 - decision / offer / promise
- 3. I'll always love you.
 - decision / offer / promise
- 4. Shall I open the window?
 - decision / offer / promise
- 5. Yeah, that's really nice. I'll take it.
 - decision / offer / promise
- 6. This won't hurt.
 - decision / offer / promise
- 7. I won't have the steak, I'll have the fish!
 - decision / offer / promise





Answers:

- 1. promise
- 2. decision
- 3. promise
- 4. offer
- 5. decision
- 6. promise
- 7. decision

3. How to formulate decisions, offers and promises yourself

Now you are ready to have a go at formulating spontaneous decisions, kind offers and promises yourself. Have a look at the following exercises. Enjoy!

Exercise:					
Complete these promises and offers with 'II / won't or shall.					
1.	I put these bags in the car for you?				
2.	I know it's important! Believe me, I	forget.			
3.	sh, how expensive! You find better prices anywhere!				
4.	Ok, I lend you 10 Euro, but you must pay me back				
	tomorrow.				
5.	I tell anybody your secret.				
6.	It's very cold in here. I think I	turn the heating on.			
7.	Oh, I hold your umbrella.				
8.	I wrap this present for you?				





Answers

- 1. Shall
- 2. won't
- 3. 'II
- 4. 'II
- 5. won't
- 6. 'II
- 7. 'II
- 8. Shall

Exercise:				
Complete the sentences with 'll / won't or shall plus a verb from this list:				
carry – get – help – take – call – forget				
1. When will I see you again? – I	you tonight.			
2. It's my birthday next Monday. – Don't worry, I				
3. I'm thirsty. – I you a glass of w	ater.			
4. I don't feel very well I I	you home?			
5. These suitcases are really heavy. – I	one for you.			
6. This exercise is really hard. – Don't worry. I	you do it.			

Answers:

- 1. 'll call
- 2. won't forget
- 3. 'Il get
- 4. Shall ... take
- 5. 'll carry
- 6. 'll help





Learn More:

https://agendaweb.org/verbs/future-will.html

https://english.lingolia.com/it/grammatica/tempi/future-simple-will/esercizi

https://www.engvid.com/future-tense-will-going-to/111421/

